

# ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL

SYSTEM DYNAMICS AND CONTROL – SEMESTER DESIGN PROJECT

TEAM 4:

WILL CLINTON, ALEX CRAIG, RYLEY THARP, CHRIS WHITTON






CRUISE  
CONTROL



**BACKGROUND**



## CRUISE CONTROL


- 
- Invented by Ralph Teetor in 1948
  - First implemented in 1958 Chrysler Imperial
  - Made driving:
    - Safer
    - More fuel efficient

### Limitations:

- Only useful for open road
- Can be dangerous in rapidly oscillating traffic



## ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL

- 
- Invented by William Chundrlik and Pamela Labuhn in 1990
    - Patented by GM in 1991
  - Actively monitors vehicles in front and responds to changing speeds
  - Utilizes many inputs:
    - Radar and/or lasers to measure distance
    - Vehicle acceleration/velocity
    - Lead vehicle velocity
    - And more

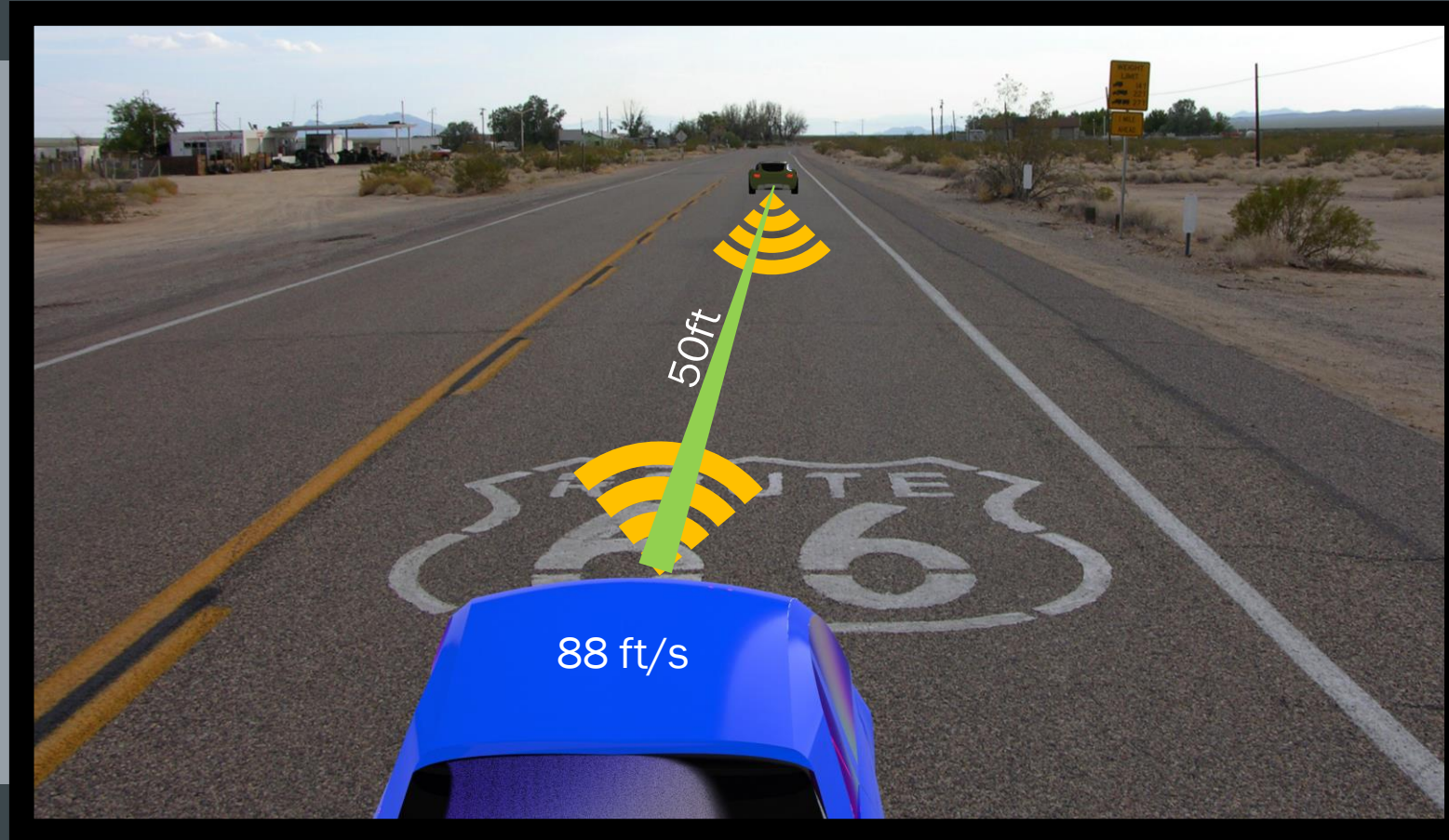


ADAPTIVE  
CRUISE  
CONTROL



**SETUP**

ADAPTIVE  
CRUISE  
CONTROL





ADAPTIVE  
CRUISE  
CONTROL



# METHODOLOGY

# ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL

- Key assumptions:

- Initial Velocity ( $V_i$ ) =  $88 \left(\frac{ft}{s}\right)$
- Distance to Lead Car ( $X_o$ ) =  $50 (ft)$
- “Two-second Rule”
- Safe Deceleration Time Constant ( $T_c$ ) =  $15 (sec)$
- Mass of Vehicle ( $m$ ) =  $\frac{3000lb}{32.2ft/s^2} = 93.17 slugs$

- Braking Force

$$(F_b) = \left[ \frac{V_i - \frac{X_o}{T_c}}{T_c} \right] \times m = \left[ \frac{88ft/s - \frac{50ft/s}{2}}{15s} \right] \times 93.17slugs = 391.31lbf$$




# ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL

- Key assumptions (Continued):
  - Acceleration Force ( $u$ ) = 500 ( $lbf$ )
  - Drag = Damping Constant ( $b$ ) = 3.346  $\left(\frac{lbf \cdot s}{ft}\right)$

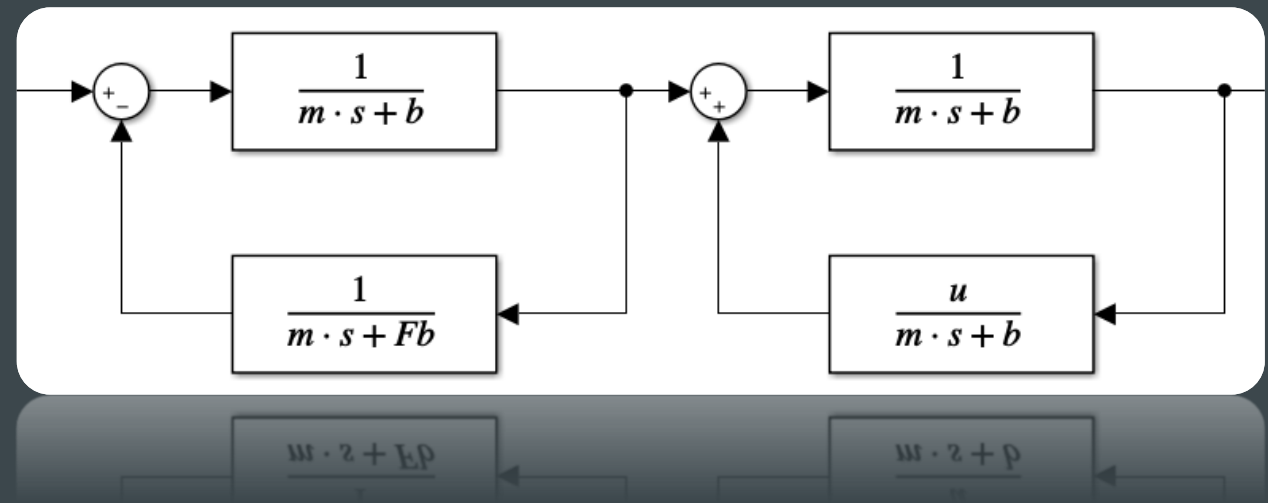


ADAPTIVE  
CRUISE  
CONTROL

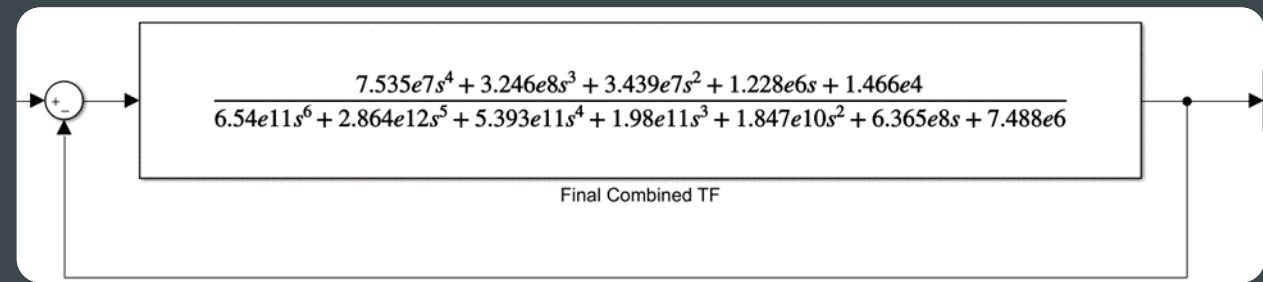


# TRANSFER FUNCTIONS

# ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL



# ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL





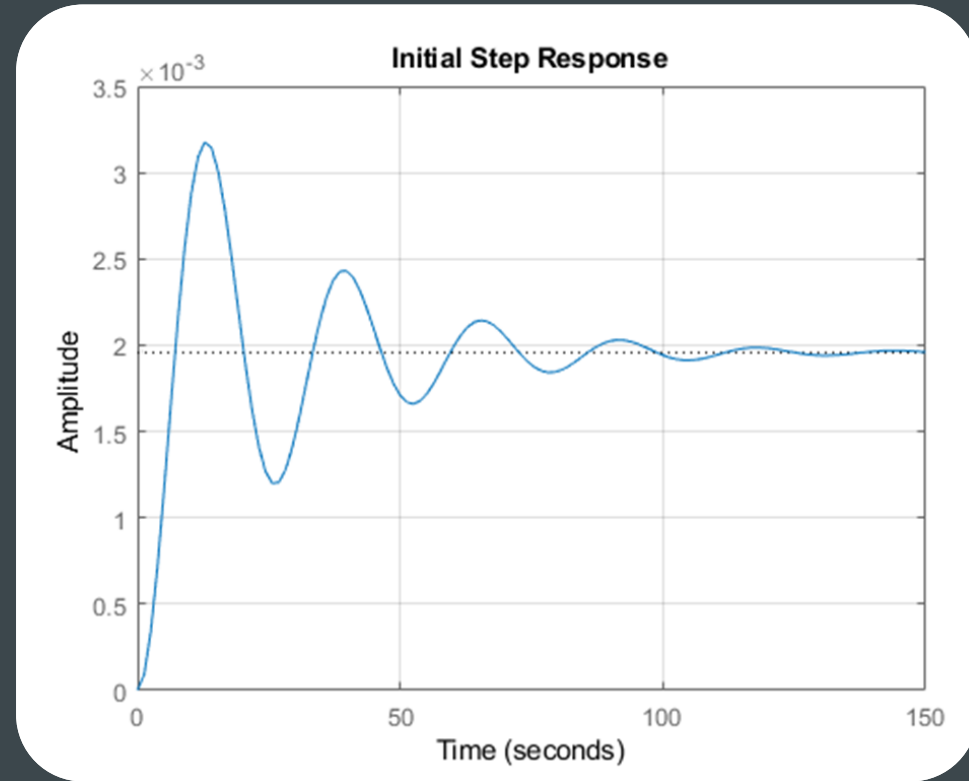
ADAPTIVE  
CRUISE  
CONTROL



**RESPONSE**

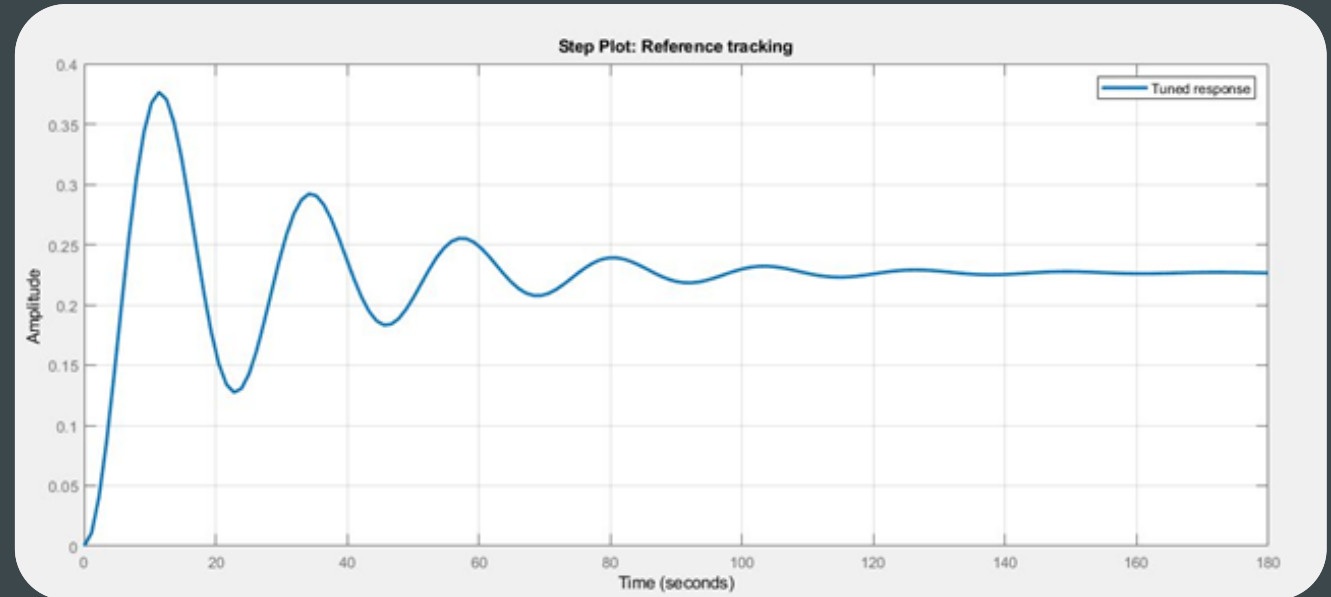
# Open-Loop Response

- RISE TIME:
  - 4.84s
- OVERSHOOT:
  - 62.26%
- SETTLING TIME:
  - 106.92s



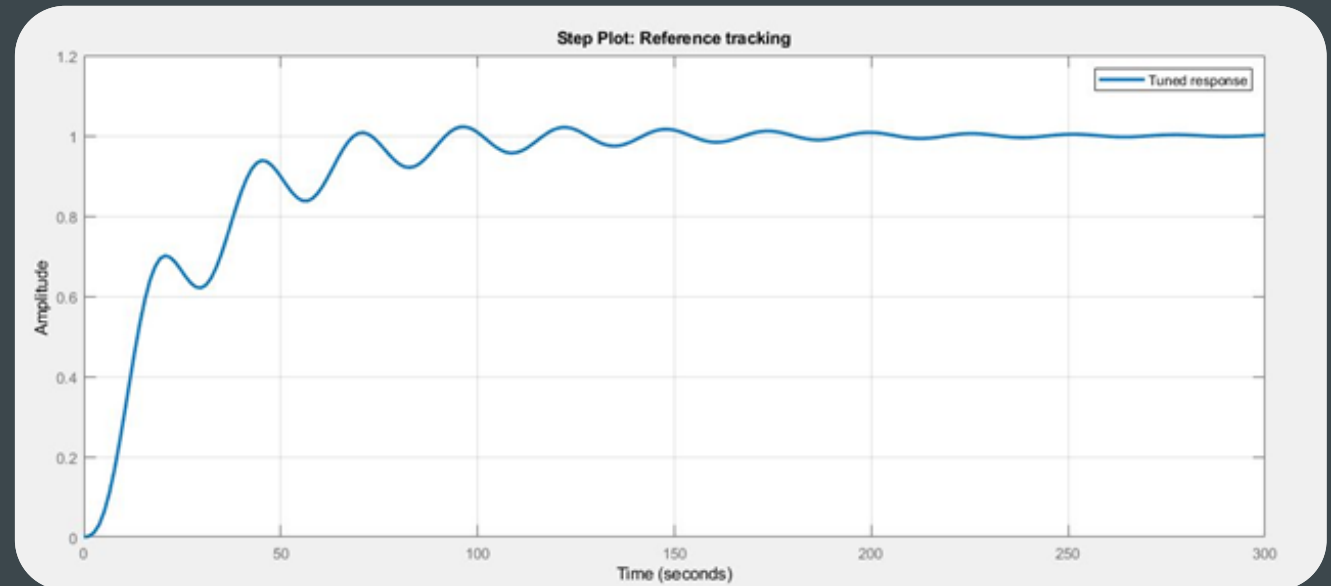
# P-Controller Response

- RISE TIME:
  - 4.19s
- OVERSHOOT:
  - 66.10%
- SETTLING TIME:
  - 106.00s
- $K_p = 149.64$



# PI-Controller Response

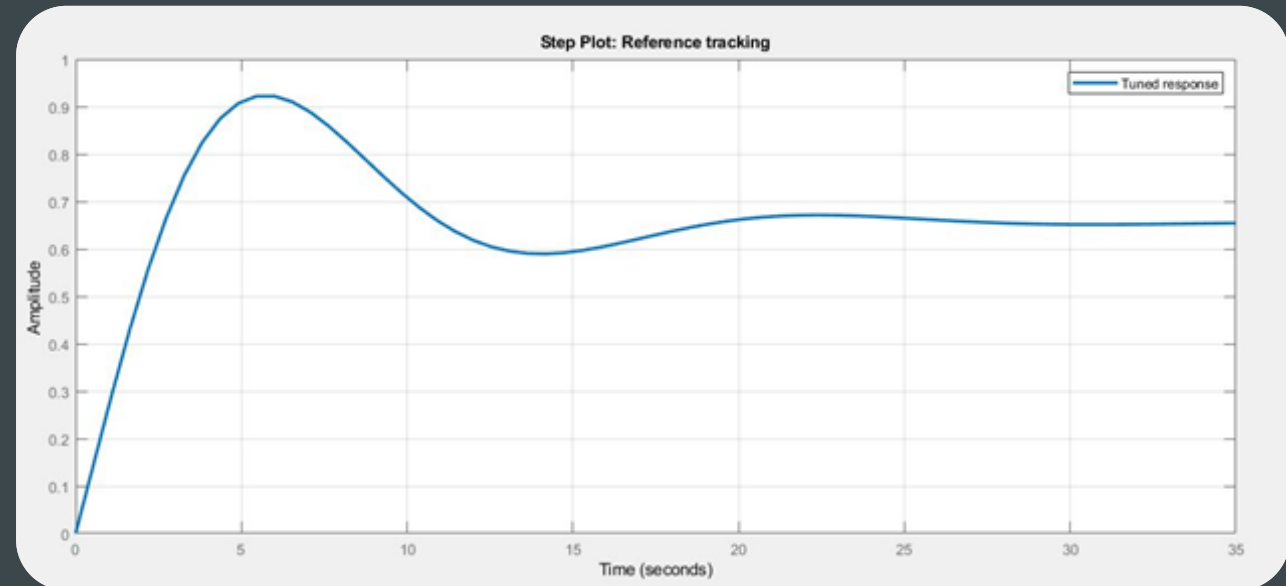
- RISE TIME:
  - 35.5s
- OVERSHOOT:
  - 2.21%
- SETTLING TIME:
  - 138.00s
- $K_p = 13.25$
- $K_i = 21.37$





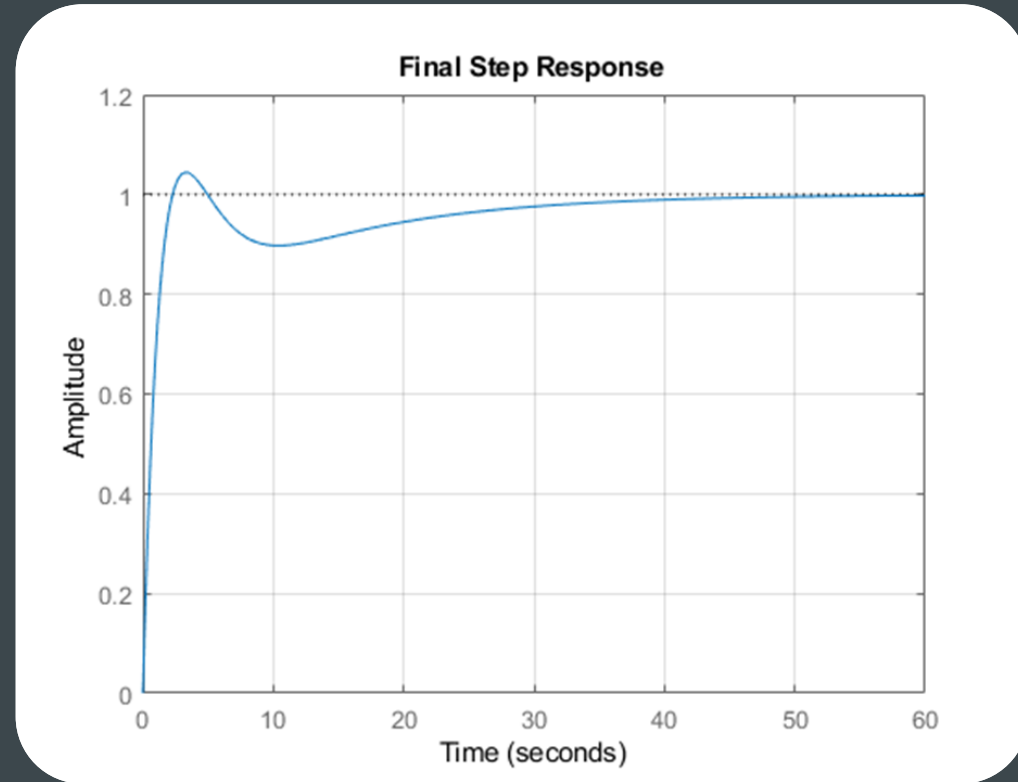
# PD-Controller Response

- RISE TIME:
  - 2.11s
- OVERSHOOT:
  - 40.7%
- SETTLING TIME:
  - 24.0s
- $K_p = 970.90$
- $K_D = 2308.42$



# PID-Controller Response

- RISE TIME:
  - 1.54s
- OVERSHOOT:
  - 4.45%
- SETTLING TIME:
  - 32.3s
- $K_p = 2673.68$
- $K_i = 203.47$
- $K_d = 8783.15$



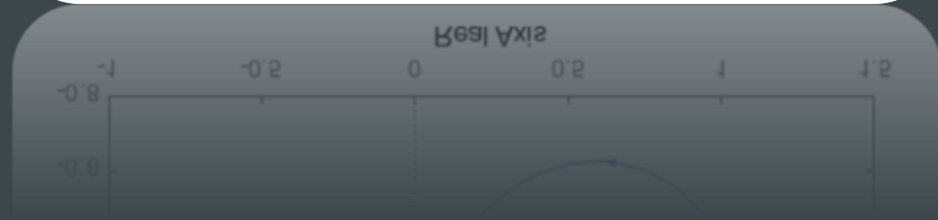
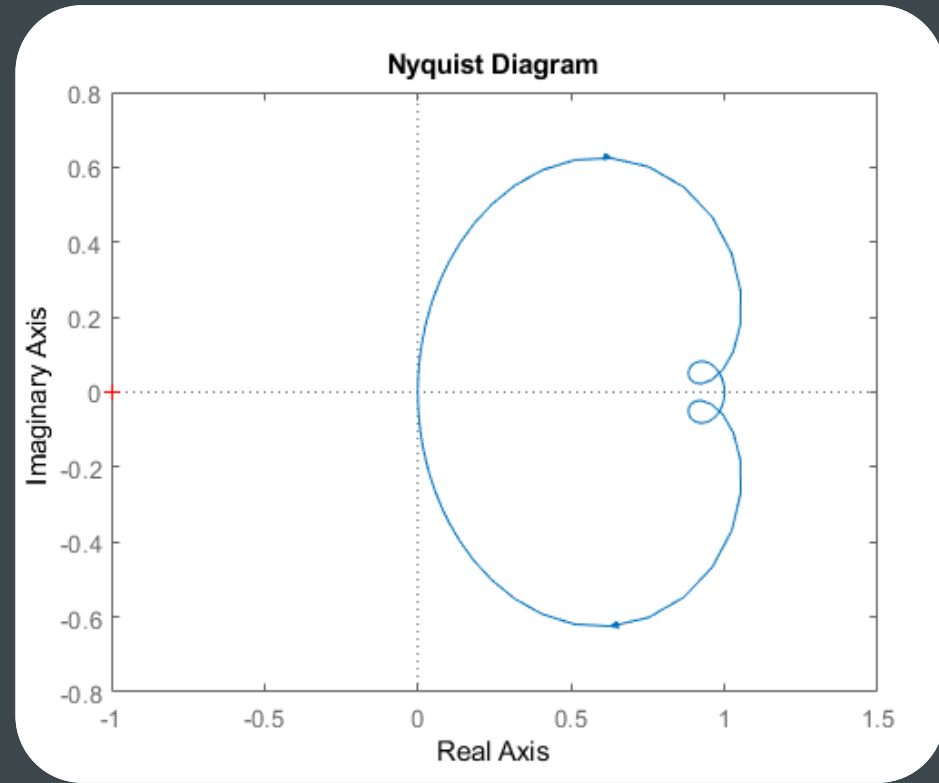


ADAPTIVE  
CRUISE  
CONTROL



**DIAGRAMS**

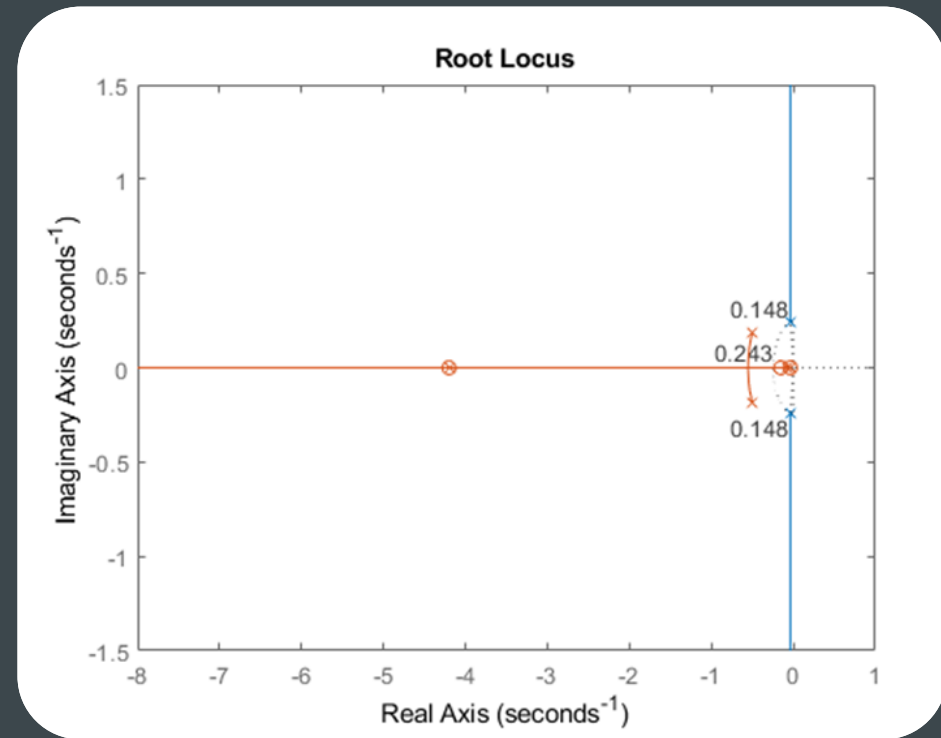
ADAPTIVE  
CRUISE  
CONTROL



# ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL

Original

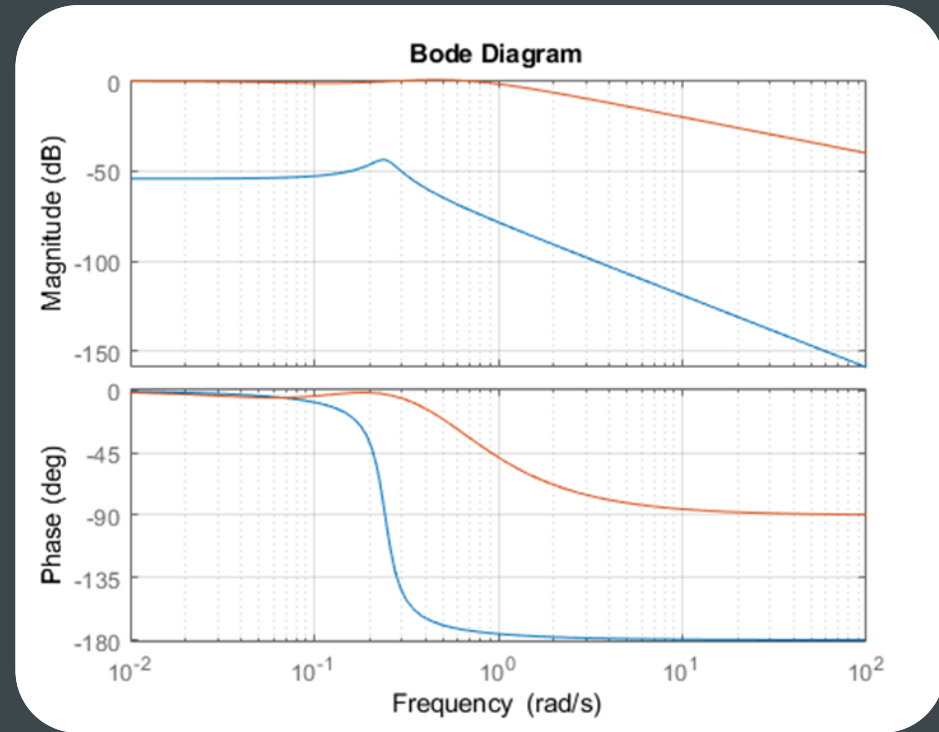
PID Controlled



# ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL

Original

PID Controlled



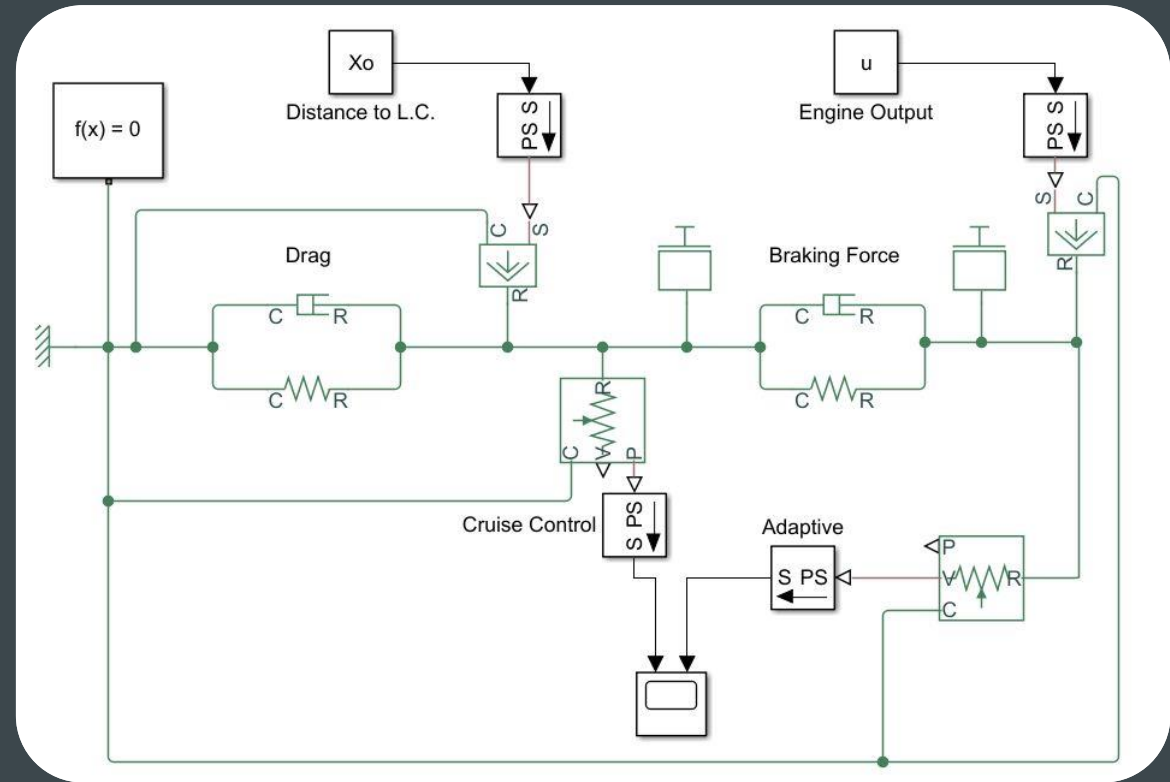


ADAPTIVE  
CRUISE  
CONTROL



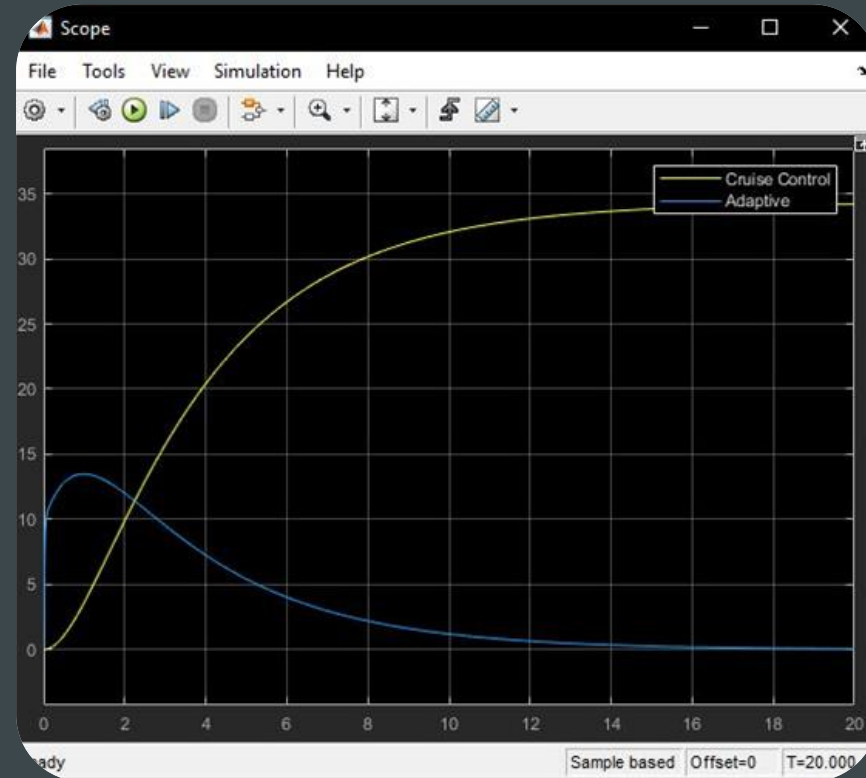
**MODEL**

# ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL





# ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL





ADAPTIVE  
CRUISE  
CONTROL



**QUESTIONS?**